Human Adrenal Cortical Cells (HAdCC) provided by Innoprot have been isolated by ScienCell Research Laboratories from human adrenal cortical tissue. HAdCC are cryopreserved at passage one and delivered frozen. HADCC are guaranteed to further culture for 15 population doublings in the conditions provided in the protocols.

The adrenal cortex makes up the perimeter of the adrenal gland and plays an essential role in regulating homeostasis in the body through the secretion of corticosteroid and androgen hormones. The secreted steroids arise from three zones that form the adrenal gland, which provide the framework of the adrenal cortex. The cells in the cortex stem from the mesoderm and form three concentric zones named the zona glomerulosa, zona fasciculate, and zona reticularis. Studies have shown that there is extensive interaction between the cortical and medulla regions of the adrenal gland, with cortical cells being found within the adrenal medulla and chromaffin cells within the adrenal cortex. The close contact of these two cell types implies intercellular exchange and allows for further studies concerning paracrine signaling between the two adrenal endocrine systems. Adrenal cortical cells can be used for further research of hormonal regulation and steroidogenesis.

**Recommended Medium**

- Mesenchymal Stem Cell Medium (Reference: P60115)

**Product Characterization**

Immunofluorescent Method:
- GFAP

The cells test negative for HIV-1, HBV, HCV, mycoplasma, bacteria, yeast and fungi.

**Product Use**

THESE PRODUCTS ARE FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not approved for human or veterinary use, for application to humans or animals, or for use in vitro diagnostic or clinical procedures.
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CULTURING CELLS

IMPORTANT: Cryopreserved cells are very delicate. Thaw the vial in a 37 °C waterbath and return them to culture as quickly as possible with minimal handling!

Set up culture after receiving the order:

1. Prepare a poly-L-lysine coated flask (2 μg/cm², T-75 flask is recommended). Add 10 ml of sterile water to a T-75 flask and then add 150 μl of poly-L-lysine stock solution (1 mg/ml, Innoprot cat. # PLL). Leave the flask in incubator overnight (minimum one hour at 37°C incubator).

2. Prepare complete medium: decontaminate the external surfaces of medium and medium supplements with 70% ethanol and transfer them to sterile field. Aseptically open each supplement tube and add them to the basal medium with a pipette. Rinse each tube with medium to recover the entire volume.

3. Rinse the poly-L-lysine coated flask with sterile water twice and add 20 ml of complete medium to the flask. Leave the flask in the hood and go to thaw the cells.

4. Place the vial in a 37°C waterbath, hold and rotate the vial gently until the contents are completely thawed. Remove the vial from the waterbath immediately, wipe it dry, rinse the vial with 70% ethanol and transfer it to a sterile field. Remove the cap, being careful not to touch the interior threads with fingers. Using a 1 ml eppendorf pipette gently resuspend the contents of the vial.

5. Dispense the contents of the vial into the equilibrated, poly-L-lysine coated culture vessels. A seeding density of 5,000 cells/cm² is recommended. Note: Dilution and centrifugation of cells after thawing are not recommended since these actions are more harmful to the cells than the effect of DMSO residue in the culture.

It is also important that cells are plated in poly-L-lysine coated flask that promotes cell attachment and growth.

6. Replace the cap or cover, and gently rock the vessel to distribute the cells evenly. Loosen cap if necessary to permit gas exchange.

7. Return the culture vessels to the incubator.

8. For best result, do not disturb the culture for at least 16 hours after the culture has been initiated. Change the growth medium the next day to remove the residual DMSO and unattached cells, then every other day thereafter.

Maintenance of Culture:

1. Change the medium to fresh supplemented medium the next morning after establishing a culture from cryopreserved cells.

2. Change the medium every three days thereafter, until the culture is approximately 70% confluent.

3. Once the culture reaches 70% confluence, change medium every other day until the culture is approximately 90% confluent.
Subculture:

1. Subculture the cells when they are over 90% confluent.

2. Prepare poly-L-lysine coated cell culture flasks (2 μg/cm²).

3. Warm medium, trypsin/EDTA solution (T/E Solution), trypsin neutralization solution (TNS), and DPBS (Ca++ and Mg++ free) to room temperature. We do not recommend warming the reagents and medium at 37°C waterbath prior to use.

Note: DPBS, trypsin/EDTA solution & trypsin neutralization solution are included in the "Primary Cells Detach Kit provided by Innoprot (Cat. Nº P60305).

4. Rinse the cells with DPBS.

5. Add 8 ml of DPBS first and then 2 ml of trypsin/EDTA solution into flask (in the case of T-75 flask); gently rock the flask to make sure cells are covered by trypsin/EDTA solution; incubate the flask at 37°C incubator for 1 to 2 minutes or until cells are completely rounded up (monitored with inverted microscope). During incubation, prepare a 50 ml conical centrifuge tube with 5 ml of fetal bovine serum (FBS); transfer trypsin/EDTA solution from the flask to the 50 ml centrifuge tube (a few percent of cells may detached); continue incubate the flask at 37°C for 1 or 2 minutes more (no solution in the flask at this moment); at the end of trypsinization, one hand hold one side of flask and the other hand gently tap the other side of the flask to detach cells from attachment; check the flask under inverted microscope to make sure all cells are detached, add 5 ml of trypsin neutralization solution to the flask and transfer detached cells to the 50 ml centrifuge tube; add another 5 ml of TNS to harvest the residue cells and transfer it to the 50 ml centrifuge tube. Examine the flask under inverted microscope to make sure the cell harvesting is successful by looking at the number of cells left behind. There should be less than 5%.

6. Centrifuge the 50 ml centrifuge tube (harvested cell suspension) at 1000 rpm (Beckman Coulter Allegra 6R centrifuge or similar) for 5 min; re-suspend cells in growth medium.

7. Count cells and plate cells in a new, poly-L-lysine coated flask with cell density as recommended.

Caution: Handling human derived products is potentially biohazardous. Although each cell strain tests negative for HIV, HBV and HCV DNA, diagnostic tests are not necessarily 100% accurate, therefore, proper precautions must be taken to avoid inadvertent exposure. Always wear gloves and safety glasses when working these materials. Never mouth pipette. We recommend following the universal procedures for handling products of human origin as the minimum precaution against contamination [1].